#### ADAIR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Prepared by:

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Adair County School District Columbia, KY

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Adair County School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions for CERS and TRS and Medical and Life and Health Insurance Plans comparison information on pages as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Shad J. Allen, CTA, FLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2024

Year ended June 30, 2024

#### ADAIR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

#### Year Ended June 30, 2024

As management of the Adair County School District, we offer readers of the district's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the district for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning fund balance for the district was \$1,803,696 and the ending cash balance was \$992,533 for the District. The general fund transferred \$48,190 to the special revenue fund for the KETS match.
- The General Fund Revenue totaled \$27,598,679 which primarily consists of state program funding (SEEK), property, utility, and motor vehicle taxes. General Fund expenditures totaled \$26,606,146 exclusive of other financing sources.
- The board is in the construction phase of the new Adair County Middle School.
- Bond payments for FY24 totaled \$1,815,076. With current bond obligations, the amount of restricted bond payments due in FY25 totals \$2,546,495.
- The efforts of the Adair County Board of Education along with district and school leadership has been instrumental in providing a variety of learning platforms during the global pandemic. The efforts to feed, learn and support students and families has been the highest priority for the district.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Adair County School District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**District-Wide Financial Statements -** The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Adair County School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Adair County School District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Adair County School District is improving or deteriorating.

Year ended June 30, 2024

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Adair County School District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The district-wide financial statements outline functions of the Adair County School District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13-19 in this report.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary fund is our food service operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on the table of contents in this report.

**Notes to the Financial Statements -** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on page 20-56 in this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets plus deferred outflows were more than liabilities and deferred inflows by approximately \$10,936,966 as of June 30, 2023. The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Year ended June 30, 2024

2024 District-Wide Governmental Net position compared to 2023 as follows:

Table 1

Net Position (in Millions)

							Total
	Governm	nental	Busines	s-type	To	otal	Percentage
	Activ	ities	Activ	ities	School District	Change	
	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023-2024
Assets:							
Current and Other Assets	6.84	36.01	0.71	0.81	7.55	36.82	388%
Capital Assets	31.90	41.64	0.19	0.16	32.09	41.80	30%
Total Assets	38.73	77.65	0.91	0.96	39.64	78.61	98%
Deferred Outflows	7.79	7.49	0.18	0.20	7.97	7.69	-4%
	7.79	7.49	0.18	0.20	7.97	7.69	
Liabilities:							
Current Liabilities	5.69	5.21	-		5.69	5.21	-8%
Noncurrent Liabilities	33.18	60.86	0.54	0.41	33.72	61.27	82%
Total Liabilities	38.86	66.07	0.54	0.41	39.41	66.48	69%
Deferred Inflows	5.16	8.64	0.11	0.24	5.28	8.88	68%
				0.24			0070
	5.16	8.64	0.11	0.24	5.28	8.88	
Invested in Capital Assets							
Net of Debt	16.43	(5.67)	0.19	0.16	16.62	(5.51)	-133%
Restricted	1.63	1.60	0.24	0.35	1.87	1.96	4%
Unrestricted Net Position	(15.57)	14.49	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	(15.57)	14.49	-193%
Total Net Position	2.50	10.42	0.43	0.51	2.93	10.93	274%

Year ended June 30, 2024

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

Ending net position was \$10.93 million for the District. This was an increase of \$8 million from 2023.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
(in millions)

											Total
									Tot	al	Percentage
	Gove	ernmenta	al Ac	tivities	Bus	siness-Type	e Act	ivities	School [	District	Change
	2	<u>023</u>	2	024		2023	20	024	2023	2024	2023-2024
Revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.14	\$	0.31	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.31	118%
Operating grants and contributions		6.49		12.42		3.07		2.27	9.56	14.69	54%
Capital grants and contributions		1.20		1.14		-			1.20	1.14	-5%
General revenues		28.62		29.57		0.01		0.02	28.62	29.59	3%
Total revenue		36.31		43.13		3.22		2.60	39.53	45.73	16%
Expenses:											
Instruction	\$	22.13	\$	20.21					\$ 22.13	\$ 20.21	-9%
Student		0.93		0.90					0.93	0.90	-3%
Instructional staff		0.76		0.78					0.76	0.78	3%
District administration		1.09		0.97					1.09	0.97	-11%
School administration		1.61		1.70					1.61	1.70	6%
Business		0.82		0.82					0.82	0.82	1%
Plant operation & maintenance		2.92		3.07					2.92	3.07	5%
Student transportation		3.65		2.75					3.65	2.75	-25%
Non-Instructional		0.07		-					0.07	-	-100%
Food Service Operations		0.01		-		2.93		2.48	2.94	2.48	-16%
Community services operations		0.36		0.37					0.36	0.37	3%
Facilities		-		0.05					-	0.05	0%
Depreciation/Amortization		1.15		1.16		0.03		0.03	1.18	1.19	
Interest on long-term debt		0.51		2.42					0.51	2.42	378%
Total Expenses	\$	35.98	\$	35.20	\$	2.96	\$	2 51	\$ 38.94	\$ 37.71	-3%
Total Expenses	<u>ې</u>	33.30	ې	33.20	ڔ	2.30	ې	2.31	30.74	37./1 ډ	-3%
Change in net position	\$	0.33	\$	7.93	\$	0.26	\$	0.09	\$ 0.59	\$ 8.02	-1259%

Year ended June 30, 2024

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

#### Capital Assets (net) at Year-End FY2024

	Governmenta	l Activities	Business Ty	pe Activities	Totals			
	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024		
Land	946,256	946,256	-	-	946,256	946,256		
Land Improvements	151,235	140,734	ı	•	151,235	140,734		
Buildings & Improvements	26,830,475	25,915,650	-	-	26,830,475	25,915,650		
Technology Equipment	1	1	1	-	1	1		
Vehicles	761,628	953,621	ı	-	761,628	953,621		
General Equipment	78,606	65,665	191,039	158,887	269,645	224,552		
Construction In Progress	3,132,215	13,616,391	•	1	3,132,215	13,616,391		

#### **DEBT**

# Outstanding Debt at Year-End (in Millions)

# Governmental Activities 2023 2024 General Obligation Bonds \$ 15.47 47.31 Financed Purchase 1.31 1.51 Total Obligations \$ 16.78 \$ 48.82

Year ended June 30, 2024

#### THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, the General Fund reflected a fund balance of \$992,533. The following table presents a summary of revenue and expense for the District as a whole for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024:

REVENUE		
	Governmental	Proprietary
Local Revenue Sources	8,699,111	323,823
State Revenue Sources	23,475,646	361,962
Federal Revenue Sources	10,958,944	1,904,702
Other	3,018,692	(1,628)
Transfers	40,504,948	
TOTALS	86,657,341	2,588,860
EXPENDITURES	Governmental	Proprietary
Instruction	20,772,641	
Student Support Services	903,751	
Instructional Staff Support Services	792,841	
District Admin Support	983,708	
School Admin Support	1,733,575	
Business Support Services	828,719	
Plant Operation & Management	3,112,849	
Student Transportation	2,749,062	
Food Service Operations		2,477,649
Community Services	376,209	
Building Acqu & Construction	10,539,176	
Debt Service	4,078,345	
Site Improvement		
Building Renovations		
Other Items		
Transfers	9,810,359	
TOTALS	56,681,234	2,477,649
Excess / (Deficit)	29,976,107	111,211

<sup>\*</sup>Note: This chart does not include beginning balances.

Year ended June 30, 2024

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District's budget is based on accounting for certain transactions on the cash basis for receipts and expenditures and encumbrances and is prepared according to Kentucky law. The Kentucky Department of Education requires a zero-based budget with any remaining fund balance to be shown as a contingency expense in the budgeting process. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund. The general fund had budgeted revenues of \$18,332,604 plus a beginning budgeted balance of \$1,803,696. Actual general fund revenues and other sources were \$27,598,679. Budgeted expenditures were \$18,864,692 and budgeted contingency was \$1,271,608 for a total of \$20,136,299 compared to actual expenditures and other uses of \$26,606,146

These actuals include the state on-behalf payments in the amount of \$6,916,509 for the general fund, which were not budgeted.

#### **BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS**

In Kentucky, the public schools fiscal year is July 1 – June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget for 2023- 2024 with a contingency above 2%. The District has also adopted a budget for 2024-25 with a contingency above 2%.

Issues which will impact future budgets include:

- Increased salary and salary fixed costs, along with staffing shortages.
- Improving programming while meeting the academic standards and needs of all students.
- Addressing learning loss and social mental health needs as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent or Finance Director at (270) 384-2476 or by mail at Adair County Board of Education, 1204 Greensburg Street, Columbia, KY 42728

	-	Primary Government				
		Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables (net) Taxes	\$	34,031,265 \$	790,001 \$	34,821,266		
Accounts Intergovernmental Inventories Net OPEB asset		1,981,061	6,909 8,787	- 1,981,061 6,909 8,787		
Capital assets:  Land, improvements, and construction in progress		14,562,647		14,562,647		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		27,075,185	158,887	27,234,073		
Total capital assets		41,637,832	158,887	41,796,720		
Total assets		77,650,159	964,584	78,614,743		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions		3,322,413	141,815	3,464,228		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		4,053,429	57,635	4,111,064		
Deferred inflows from bond defeasance costs		117,521		117,521		
Total deferred outflows of resources		7,493,363	199,450	7,692,813		
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	:	85,143,522	1,164,034	86,307,556		
LIABILITIES						
Accrued interest payable		632,334		632,334		
Accounts payable		536,941	-	536,941		
Unearned revenue		2,063,980		2,063,980		
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within 1 year:						
Finance Purchase		234,529		234,529		
Bond obligations		1,747,000		1,747,000		
Total due within 1 year		1,981,529		1,981,529		
Due in more than 1 year:		4 070 077		4 070 077		
Financed Purchases		1,276,277		1,276,277		
Bond obligations		45,561,803		45,561,803		
Sick leave		393,885	400.004	393,885		
Net pension liability		9,564,047	408,234	9,972,281		
Net OPEB liability		4,068,150	400.004	4,068,150		
Total due in more than 1 year Total liabilities		60,864,161	408,234	61,272,396		
l otal liabilities	•	66,078,946	408,234	66,487,180		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions		2,067,688	88,258	2,155,946		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		6,570,901	156,562	6,727,463		
Total deferred inflows of resources	•	8,638,590	244,819	8,883,409		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	•	74,717,535	653,054	75,370,589		
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in capital assets Restricted for:		(5,670,971)	158,887	(5,512,084)		
Capital projects		1,158,116		1,158,116		
Student activities		445,201		445,201		
Food service		-, -	352,093	352,093		
Unrestricted		14,493,640	,	14,493,640		
Total net position	-	10,425,986	510,980	10,936,966		
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	85,143,522 \$	1,164,034 \$	86,307,556		

#### Adair County School District **Statement of Activities** June 30, 2024

			-	Program Revenues						Net (Expense	) Re	venue and Changes	in Ne	et Position
											Pı	rimary Government		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services	-	Operating Grants and Contributions	-	Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business- type Activities		Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:														
Governmental activities:														
Instruction	\$	20,206,657	\$	-	\$	7,131,485	\$	1,144,529	\$	(11,930,643)		\$	;	(11,930,643)
Support Services														
Student		902,319				318,453				(583,866)				(583,866)
Instructional Staff		775,463				273,682				(501,781)				(501,781)
District Administration		968,633				341,857				(626,775)				(626,775)
School Administration		1,698,776				599,545				(1,099,231)				(1,099,231)
Business		814,539				287,473				(527,066)				(527,066)
Plant Operation & Maintenance		3,070,553				1,083,683				(1,986,871)				(1,986,871)
Student Transportation		2,753,372				971,741				(1,781,631)				(1,781,631)
Food Service Operations						-				-				-
Community Services Operations		376,209				132,774				(243,434)				(243,434)
Building Acquistions & Construction		54,741				19,320				(35,421)				(35,421)
Other						-				- '				-
Amortization		63,447				22,392				(41,055)				(41,055)
Depreciation		1,097,004				387,163				(709,841)				(709,841)
Interest on general long-term debt		2,419,551				853,926				(1,565,625)				(1,565,625)
Total governmental activities	_	35,201,263		-	-	12,423,494	-	1,144,529		(21,633,240)				(21,633,240)
Business-type activities:														
Food service operations		2,477,649		305,597		2,266,665					\$	94,612		94,612
Depreciation		32,151		303,391		2,200,003					Ψ	(32,151)		(32,151)
Total business-type activities	_	2,509,801	-	305,597	-	2,266,665	-			-		62,461		62,461
Total primary government	\$	37,711,064	\$	305,597	\$	14,690,158	\$	1,144,529		(21,633,240)		62,461		(21,570,779)
, ,3	· <del>-</del>			,		, ,	•	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
	G	eneral revenues	s: Taxe	es:										
				Property taxes						4,319,299				4,319,299
				Motor vehicle taxe	9					927,160				927,160
				Uitility taxes	_					1,094,496				1,094,496
				n on sale of equipm	nent					1,004,400		(1,628)		(1,628)
				and formula gran						20,866,568		(1,020)		20,866,568
				ent activities						782,488				782,488
				er local revenue						456,331				456,331
				stricted investmen	t ear	ninge				1,119,336		18,226		1,137,562
				l general revenues		93				29,565,678		16,598	_	29,582,276
	CI	hange in net po		. 300141101011403						7,932,438		79,059	_	8,011,497
	O.	go iii iiot po		oosition - beginning	1					2,493,548		431,921		2,925,469
				position - beginning	,				\$	10,425,986	\$	510,980 \$	. —	10,936,966
			, voi þ	Journal - Charley					Ψ	10,720,300	Ψ	310,300 4	_	10,000,000

#### Adair County School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

**Governmental Funds** 

	_										
	_	General		Special Revenue	Construction		Debt Service Fund	_	Other Governmental Funds		Total
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,514,750	\$	97,643	30,815,554	\$		\$	1,603,318	\$	34,031,265
Receivables, net Accounts											<del>-</del>
Intergovernmental Interfund (Special Revenue Fund)				1,981,061							1,981,061 -
Total assets	=	1,514,750		2,078,705	30,815,554	=	-	=	1,603,318	=	36,012,326
LIABILITIES											
Cash shortage											
Accounts payable		522,216		14,724					-		536,941
Unearned revenue				2,063,980							2,063,980
Interfund (General Fund) Total liabilities	_	522,216		2,078,705		-		-		_	2,600,921
i otai liabilities	_	322,210		2,076,703		-	-	-		_	2,000,921
FUND BALANCE											
Restricted					30,815,554				1,603,318		32,418,872
Assigned		147,204									147,204
Unassigned	_	845,330				_		_			845,330
Total fund balance	_	992,533		<del>-</del>	30,815,554	-	-	-	1,603,318	_	33,411,405
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	1,514,750	\$_	2,078,705	30,815,554	\$ _	-	\$	1,603,318	\$_	36,012,326

#### Adair County School District

## Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 33,411,405
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.	41,637,832
Costs associated with bond issues and refundings are expensed in the fund financial statements because they are a use of current financial resources but are capitalized on the statement of net position using the economic resources focus	117,521
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, accrued interest payable, other accounts payable, and net pension obligations) are not due and payble in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Accrued interest payable Bonds payable Capital lease payable Sick leave liability Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(632,334) (47,308,803) (1,510,806) (393,885) (9,564,047) (4,068,150)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB Eferred inflows related to pensions	3,322,413 4,053,429 (6,570,901) (2,067,689)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 10,425,986

# Adair County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	General	Special Revenue	Construction	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
From Local Sources						
Taxes						
Property	\$ 3,322,527			\$	\$ 996,772	\$ 4,319,299
Motor vehicle	927,160					927,160
Utilities	1,094,496					1,094,496
Student activities					782,488	782,488
Earnings on investments	166,060		,		20,116	1,119,336
Other local revenue	330,562	56,808			68,961	456,331
Intergovernmental - state	19,823,617			930,662	1,144,529	23,475,646
Intergovernmental - federal	112,289					10,958,944
Total revenues	25,776,712	12,488,402	925,059	930,662	3,012,866	43,133,701
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction	15,252,225	4,689,314			831,092	20,772,631
Support Services						
Student	885,440	18,311			-	903,751
Instructional Staff	711,303	81,538			-	792,841
District Administration	983,708					983,708
School Administration	1,733,575					1,733,575
Business	828,719					828,719
Plant Operation & Maintenance	3,105,349	7,500				3,112,849
Student Transportation	2,749,062					2,749,062
Community Operations		376,209				376,209
Building Acquistions & Construction	55,000		10,484,176		-	10,539,176
Debt Service	253,576		189,280	2,970,189		3,413,045
Total expenditures	26,557,956	5,172,873	10,673,456	2,970,189	831,092	46,205,566
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(781,244	7,315,529	(9,748,397)	(2,039,528)	2,181,774	(3,071,865)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of equipment	18,271					18,271
Bond proceeds			33,695,000			33,695,000
Bond Discount			(665,299)			(665,299)
Operating transfers in		405,799	7,365,042	2,039,528	-	9,810,369
Operating transfers (out)	(48,190				(2,040,851)	(9,810,369)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(29,919	(7,315,529	40,394,743	2,039,528	(2,040,851)	33,047,972
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(811,163	-	30,646,346	-	140,923	29,976,107
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	1,803,696		169,208	<del>-</del>	1,462,394	3,435,298
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ 992,533	\$	30,815,554	\$	\$1,603,318	\$ 33,411,405

# Adair County School District Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 29,976,107
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District pension contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	(258,224)
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District OPEB contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	930,004
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays	
exceeds depreciation expense for the year.	9,738,652
The difference in the issue amount of the refunding of bond proceeds and the amount for payment to the escrow account to pay the refunded bonds is amortized over the life of the refunding issue.	(58,761)
Bonds sold at a discount/premium are deducted/added to the related bond issues and amortized over the life of the bond in the government wide financial statements, but are recognized in the year the bonds are sold in the fund financial statements.	(4,686)
Bond and capital lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of	0.070.007
liabilities in the statement of net position.	2,076,307
Bond proceeds and capital lease proceeds are recognized as revenues of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are recorded as as additions to liabilities in the statement of net position	(34,116,031)
as additions to liabilities in the statement of het position	(34,110,031)
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	
Accrued interest payable	(417,514)
Noncurrent sick leave payable	 66,584
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 7,932,439

#### Adair County School District Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2024

		School Food Services
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	713,467
Inventories		6,909
Net OPEB asset		8,787
Capital assets:		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		158,887
Total assets		888,050
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		141,815
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		57,635
		199,450
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_	1,087,500
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		
Net pension liability		408,234
Total liabilities		408,234
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pensions		88,258
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		156,562
Total defered inflows of resources		244,819
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		653,054
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in capital assets		158,887
Restricted		275,559
Total net position		434,446
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	1,087,500

# Adair County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2024

		Enterprise Funds
		School Food Services
OPERATING REVENUES		
Lunchroom sales	\$	305,597
Total operating revenues	,	305,597
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Depreciation Food service operations		32,151
Employee services		1,165,225
Operational expense		1,388,958
Total operating expenses	•	2,586,335
Operating income (loss)	•	(2,280,738)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Intergovermental revenues		2,266,665
Loss on sale of equipment Transfers in (out)		(1,628)
Earnings from investments		18,226
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		2,283,263
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		2,525
NET POSITION-BEGINNING		431,921
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$	434,446

#### Adair County School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund June 30, 2024

	_ <u>E</u>	interprise Funds
		School Food Services
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	305,597 (1,292,925) (1,193,184) (2,180,512)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Operating grants and contributions  Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		2,266,665 2,266,665
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest Loss on sale of equipment Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	_	18,226 (1,628) 16,598
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		102,751
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-BEGINNING		687,251
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS-ENDING	\$	790,001
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided	\$	(2,204,204)
(used) by operating activities:  Depreciation		32,151
Changes in assets and liabilities:     Inventory     Deferred outflows     Deferred inflows     Pension liability     OPEB liability     Accounts payable Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	s—	20,062 (15,302) 131,711 (18,942) (125,427) (562) (2,180,512)

#### NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the district received \$76,534 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During the year, the district recognized revenues and expenses for on-behalf payments relating to fringe benefits in the amount of \$345,519 provided by state government.

## ADAIR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Adair County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Adair County Board of Education ("District"). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100-Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Adair County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

#### Blended Component Unit

The Board authorized establishment of the Adair County Board of Education Finance Corporationa non-stock, non-profit corporation pursuant to Section 162.385 of the School Bond Act and Chapter273 and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the "Corporation") to act as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be the same persons who are at any time the members of the Board of Education of the Adair County Board of Education.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each functionor program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in net total assets. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

#### I. Governmental Fund Types

#### (A) General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. Within the General Fund, a permanent fund was established from a gift to the Adair High School for scholarships the benefit of students seeking a college degree. This is always a major fund of the District.

#### (B) Special Revenue (Grant) Fund

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. KDE requires this fund to be a major fund.

#### (C) Student Activities Fund

The Student Activities Fund accounts are used to support co-curricular activities, and are raised and expended by student groups. These funds are subject to "Redbook".

#### (D) Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).

#### SEEK Capital Outlay Fund

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects as identified in the District's facility plan.

#### Building (FSPK) Fund

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy that is required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

#### Construction Fund

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sale of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or remodeling..

#### (E) Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

#### II. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds)

#### Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. This is a major fund of the District.

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds.

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of

accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchangetransactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted,matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis, On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also beavailable before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

#### **Inventories**

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

#### **Prepaid Assets**

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as

prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the government activities column of the government-wide financial statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant and equipment of the district are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<b>Estimated Lives</b>
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

#### Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgment, the noncurrent portion of Financed Purchases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making terminationpayments.

#### Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five categories as defined by GASB 54 as follows:

Nonspendable: Permanently nonspendable by decree of the donor, such as an endowment, or funds

that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid expenses or inventory on hand.

Restricted: Legally restricted under legislation, bond authority, or grantor contract.

Committed: Commitments of future funds for specific purposes passed by the Board.

Assigned: Funds that are intended by management to be used for a specific purpose.

including encumbrances.

Unassigned: Funds available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are reported only in the

General Fund unless a fund has a deficit.

The Board has adopted a GASB 54 spending policy which states that the spending order of funds is to first use restricted, committed, and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

#### **Net Position**

The Statement of Net Position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as Net Position. Net Position is reported in three categories:

1) net investment in capital assets – consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets; 2) restricted net position – resulting from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the School District; 3) unrestricted net position – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or net investment in capital assets. It is the District's policy to first apply restricted net position and then unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position areavailable.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.543 per \$100 valuation of real property, \$.543 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.563 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

#### Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

#### In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private organizations and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The amounts of such services and donated commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

#### Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### Interfund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### **Interfund Transfers**

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows – contributions to the CERS's pension and OPEB plans after the measurement period and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized an inflow of resources (revenue) until the appropriate period. The District reports two types of deferred inflows related to the net difference projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous ("CERS") and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky ("TRS") and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including

refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows ofresources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), and the County Retirement System of Kentucky (CERS), and additions to/deductions from TRS's/CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS/CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordancewith the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

#### Bond and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Estimates**

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Budgetary Process**

The District prepares its budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as used to prepare the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds. Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. The Kentucky Department of Education does not require the Capital Project Funds and Debt Service Funds to prepare budgets.

#### **Recent GASB Pronouncements**

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB

Statement No. 62 effective for the District's year ended June 30, 2024

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, effective for the District's year ended June 30, 2024

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures, effective for the Districts year ended June 30, 2025

GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements, effective for the Districts year ended June 30, 2025

GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, effective for the Districts year ended June 30, 2025

The impact of these pronouncements on the District's financial statement has not been determined

#### NOTE B – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end the District's bank balances were collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents \$34,821,266. The bank balance for the same time was \$35,497,312.93

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK/Building) Fund, special Revenue (Grant Fund), Debt Service Fund, School Construction Fund, School Food Service Fund, and School Activity Fund.

#### **NOTE C-CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

SEE SCHEDULE ON NEXT PAGE

		July 1, 2023	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2024
Land	\$	946,256 \$	- \$	- \$	946,256
Land improvements		1,517,594	-	-	1,517,594
Buildings		43,254,981	-	29,000	43,225,981
Technology equipment		185,334	-	-	185,334
Vehicles		4,322,458	359,992	-	4,682,450
General equipment		1,032,870	9,500	12,749	1,029,621
Construction in progress	_	3,132,215	10,484,176	<u>-</u>	13,616,391
	\$_	54,391,708	10,853,668 \$	41,749	65,203,627
Land improvements	\$	1,366,359 \$	10,825 \$	324 \$	1,376,860
Buildings		16,424,505	901,195	15,370	17,310,331
Technology equipment		185,333	-	-	185,333
Vehicles		3,560,830	167,999	-	3,728,829
General equipment	_	954,264	16,823	7,130	963,956
	\$_	22,491,291 \$	1,096,842 \$	22,824	23,565,308
Capital Assets-net	\$_	31,900,417 \$	9,756,827 \$	18,925	41,638,318
		July 1, 2023	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2024
Technology equipment		456	-	-	456
General equipment	_	840,993		<u>-</u>	840,993
	\$ <u></u>	841,449 \$	\$	<u> </u>	841,449
Technology equipment		456	-	-	456
General equipment		649,955	32,151		682,106
	\$_	650,410 \$	32,151 \$	\$	682,562
Capital Assets-net	\$	191,039 \$	(32,151) \$	\$	158,887

Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions.

#### **NOTE D – DEBT OBLIGATIONS**

#### Bonds

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bonded debt and lease obligations represent the District's future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Adair County School District Finance Corporation.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes), Building (FSPK) Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Adair County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any timeby retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The original amount of outstanding issues, the issue dates, interest rates, maturity dates, and outstanding balances, at June 30, 2024 are summarized below:

				Bonds								
Bond Issues	O	riginal <u>Amount</u>	Maturity <u>Dates</u>	Interest <u>Rates</u>		utstanding ne 30, 2023	Additions	Reti	rements		itstanding ne 30, 2024	
2006 Energy	\$	500,000	8/1/2026	4.05%	\$	175,000	·		39,000.00	\$	136,000	
2012	\$	12,885,000	8/1/2032	2.0 - 3.125%		9,610,000			585,000.00		9,025,000	
2013-REF	\$	9,010,000	8/1/2025	1.0 - 2.25%		2,565,000		1	,050,000.00		1,515,000	
2014	\$	1,065,000	8/1/2034	1.0 - 3.6%		530,000			75,000.00		455,000	
2015	\$	1,525,000	9/1/2035	3.05%		1,225,000			50,000.00		1,175,000	
2017	\$	390,000	5/1/2037	3.0 - 4.0%		330,000			10,000.00		320,000	
2020	\$	1,230,000	10/1/2040	2.0%		1,130,000			50,000.00		1,080,000	
2023	\$	33,695,000	9/1/2053	4.25 - 4.375%		-	33,695,000		-		33,695,000	
						15,565,000	33,695,000		1,859,000		47,401,000	
Less:		Discount				(96,883)	-		(4,686)		(92,197)	
Totals					\$	15,468,117	\$ -	\$	1,854,314	\$	47,308,803	

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Kentucky Legislature, for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs, created the Commission. The table following sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2024 for debt service, (principal and interest) are as follows:

Fiscal								<b>.</b>		
Year Ended	Prin	Сір	al	Inte	eres	it	Principal			Interest
at June 30,	Local		KSFCC	<u>Local</u>		KSFCC		<u>Total</u>		<u>Total</u>
2025	\$ 893,315	\$	853,685	\$ 1,651,608	\$	157,542	\$	1,747,000	\$	1,809,149
2026	922,305		732,695	1,627,850		138,232		1,655,000		1,766,082
2027	1,083,797		345,203	1,598,658		124,046		1,429,000		1,722,704
2028	1,069,390		355,610	1,564,581		113,638		1,425,000		1,678,219
2029	1,103,436		366,564	1,529,601		102,686		1,470,000		1,632,286
2030-2034	6,101,070		1,663,930	7,070,665		342,479		7,765,000		7,413,144
2035-2039	7,605,998		739,002	5,779,061		172,028		8,345,000		5,951,089
2040-2044	8,185,482		599,518	4,096,046		51,311		8,785,000		4,147,356
2045-2049	7,495,000			2,635,269				7,495,000		2,635,269
2050-2054	 9,100,000			931,984				9,100,000		931,984
	\$ 43,559,793	\$	5,656,207	\$ 28,485,321	\$	1,201,962	\$	49,216,000	\$	29,687,282

#### Financed Purchases

The following is an analysis of the leased property under Financed Purchase by class:

					В	onds					Bonds
	О	riginal	Maturity	Interest	Outs	standing				0	utstanding
KISTA Issues	<u>A</u>	mount	<u>Dates</u>	<u>Rates</u>	<u>June</u>	30, 2023	Additions	<u>R</u>	Retirements	Ju	ne 30, 2024
2013	\$	184,953	3/1/2023	2.0%	\$	-					\$ -
2014	\$	185,889	3/1/2024	2.0 - 3.0%		17,343			17,343.00		-
2015	\$	250,933	3/1/2025	1.0 - 2.625%		45,972			22,699.00		23,273
2016	\$	186,608	3/1/2026	2.0 - 2.625%		53,634			19,664.00		33,970
2017	\$	193,791	3/1/2027	2.55%	2.55% 76,830 20,086.00		20,086.00		56,744		
2019	\$	181,436	3/1/2028	3.0%		107,171			18,362.00		88,809
2020	\$	190,923	3/1/2030	2.0%		131,448			18,698.00		112,750
2021	\$	203,702	3/1/2031	1.25 - 1.50%		158,540			19,938.00		138,602
2022	\$	399,691	03/01/2032	3.0%		354,669			45,193.00		309,476
2023	\$	361,475	3/1/2033	3.0 - 3.75%		361,475			35,324.00		326,151
2024	\$	421,031	3/1/3034	3.0 - 3.75%		-	421,03	1			421,031
					\$ 1	,307,082 \$	421,031	\$	217,307	\$	1,510,806

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under Financed Purchase together

with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2024:

Fiscal Year Ended at June 30,	١	Principal <u>Local</u>	Interest <u>Local</u>
2025	\$	234,529	\$ 44,490
2026		206,546	41,824
2027		190,888	35,585
2028		172,256	29,774
2029		174,220	24,419
2030-2034		532,367	48,228
	\$	1,510,806	\$ 224,321

#### Accumulated Sick Leave

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. The activity during fiscal year 2024 for accumulated sick leave is as follows:

		2023					2024
	Ou	tstanding				Ou	tstanding
	Е	Balance	Additions	Ret	irements	E	Balance
Sick Leave	\$	460,469	\$	\$	66,584	\$	393,885

#### Net Pension & OPEB Liability

Activity in the net pension and net OPEB liability are below:

	2023 Outstanding					2024 Outstanding
Description	Balance	Additions	_	Retirements	_	Balance
Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,123,149	\$	\$	150,868	\$	9,972,281
Net OPEB Liability	8,437,123		_	4,368,973	_	4,068,150
		-		-		
Totals	\$ 18,560,272	\$	\$	4,519,841 -	\$	14,040,431

#### **NOTE E – RETIREMENT PLANS**

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification.

#### **Teachers Retirement System Kentucky (TRS)**

Plan description—Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information">http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information</a>.

Benefits provided—For members who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly

payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first

ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the system has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions in the amount of 13.105% of salaries for local school district employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

#### **Medical Insurance Plan**

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Medical coverage through TRS is funded by a combination of contributions from employees, the state and other employers. Coverage is provided through an account established pursuant to 26 United States Code. sec. 401(h) and a 115 trust fund that went into effect on July 1, 2010. The insurance trust fund includes employer and retired member contributions required under KRS 161.550 and KRS 161.675(4)(b).

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven- and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three-point seventy-five percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to TRS

At June 30, 2024 the District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of KTRS net pension liability	\$ -
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension	
liability associated with the District	56,505,886
	\$ 56,505,886

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June, 30, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.331600%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date

Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method

Remaining Amortization Period

Inflation

Asset Valuation Method

Signature 30, 2020

Entry Age

Level percentage of payroll, closed

24 years

3.0%

5-year smoothed market value

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.1% Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.66%

Projected Salary Increase 3.50 -7.20%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.1%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation.

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2022:

In the 2022 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increase

were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality

Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups: service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.5% to 7.1% and the price inflation assumption was raised from 2.5% to 3.0%.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, set forward two year for males and one year for females rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2022 with projection scale AA, which was used prior to 2016. In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2022 with projection scale AA, set back one year for females rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Tables which was used prior to 2016. For the 2011 valuation through the 2013 valuation, an interest smoothing methodology was used to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2022. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.10 percent and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.4%	5.0%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	5.5%
Developed International Equity	15.7%	5.5%

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) **Emerging Markets Equity** 5.3% 6.1% 15.0% 1.9% Fixed Income High Yield Bonds 5.0% 3.8% Other Additional Categories 5.0% 3.6% 7.0% Real Estate 3.2% Private Equity 7.0%8.0%

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

2.0%

100.0%

1.6%

The following table presents the net pension liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the Commonwealth's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase
KTRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
Commonwealth's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 75,777,962	\$ 56,505,886	\$ 44,977,634

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publicly available at <a href="http://www.TRS.ky.gov/">http://www.TRS.ky.gov/</a>.

### **County Employees Retirement System**

Cash

Total

Plan description—Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System ("CERS"). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly. The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of each county and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement SystemsAnnual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or athttps://kyret.ky.gov.

*Benefits provided:* Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions: Funding for CERS is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% (6.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008) of their salary through payroll deductions, and by employersof members. For the year ending June 30, 2023, employers were required to contribute 26.95% of the member's salary. During the year ending June 30, 2024, the District contributed \$1,055,657 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

### **CERS-Medical Insurance Plan**

In addition to the CERS pension benefits described above, recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years -0%, 4-9 years -25%, 10-14 years -50%, 15-19 years -75% and 20 or more years -100%.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2020 was determined using standard roll-forwardtechniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was 0.155416%.

District's proportionate share of CERS net pension liability	\$	9,972,281
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the CERS net pension		
liability associated with the District	-	-
	\$_	9,972,281

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$258,224. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	516,246	\$ 27,098 913,966
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences		1,077,289	1,213,316
between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions  District contributions subsequent to the		845,396	1,566
measurement date	-	1,025,297	<del>-</del> _
	\$ _	3,464,228	\$ 2,155,946

The \$1,025,297 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	_	Year Ended June 30,
2024	\$	213,426
2025		(56,521)
2026		222,622
2027	_	(96,541)
	\$_	282,986

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total pension liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

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Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of Pay
Amortization Period	30-year closed period at June 30, 2019
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increase	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Investment Rate of Return	6.25%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Phase-In Provision	Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in accordance with HB 362 enacted in

The mortality table used for active members was Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Nonhazardous Plans, and the Pub-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous Plans, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

2018.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class is summarized in the table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.30% per annum for both the non-hazardous and hazardous plan.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity	25.00%	5.90%
Non-US Equity	25.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Special Credit/High Yield	10.00%	3.65%
Core Bonds	10.00%	2.45%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Opportunistic	0.00%	N/A
Real Return	10.00%	5.15%
	100.00%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection

of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.50%. The long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine thetotal pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase
CERS	5.50%	6.50%	7.50%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 12,590,607	\$ 9,972,281	\$ 7,796,353

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary netposition is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publicly available at <a href="https://kyret.ky.gov">https://kyret.ky.gov</a>.

### Other Retirement Plans

The District also offers employees the option to participate in defined contribution plans under Sections 403(B) and 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. All regular full-time and part-time employees are eligible to participate and may contribute up to the maximum allowable by law. These plans are administered by an independent third-party administrator.

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until their termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement and who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not report these assets and liabilities on its financial statements.

### NOTE F – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The District's employees participate in retirement systems of either TRS or CERS as described earlier. The following describes the postemployment benefits other than OPEB for both systems.

### TRS – General Information about the OPEB Plans

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided OPEBs through TRS – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at

### http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans.

### Retiree Medical Plan funded by the Medical Insurance Fund

Plan description—In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided - To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven- and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three-point seventy-five percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$4,274,000 for its proportionate share of the

collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was .1754680%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of KTRS net OPEB liability	\$	4,274,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB		2 602 000
liability associated with the District	=	3,602,000
	\$	7,876,000

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$		\$ 1,449,000
Changes of assumptions		972,000	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate		80,000	
share of contributions		1,336,000	1,454,000
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	-	315,158	 
	\$	2,703,158	\$ 2,903,000

The \$315,158 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net

OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

	Year Ended June 30,
2025	\$ (235,000)
2026	(207,000)
2027	95,000
2028	40,000
2029	(83,000)
Thereafter	(125,000)
	\$ (515,000)

Changes of Benefit Terms – The TRS 4 benefit tier was added for members joining the system on and after Jan. 1, 2022.

Changes of Assumptions-

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives.
- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%.
- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability was determined using an actuarial valuation of June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization Period	26 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed value
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, includes
	price inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Investment Rate of Return	7.1%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, includes
	price inflation
Inflation	2.5%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increase	3.0 to 7.5%, including wage inflation
Discount Rate	7.1%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2022. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.5% to 7.1% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3% to 2.5%. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation Percentage	Long-Term Expected Real Rate Percentage of Return
Global Equity	40.0%	5.2%
Developed International Equity	15.0%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	21.0%	1.9%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.2%
Private Equity	5.0%	8.0%
Additional Categories: high yield	8.0%	1.7%
Other additional categories	5.0%	4.0%
Cash	2.00%	1.6%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projections basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The pre-65 retiree health care costs for members retired on or after July 1, 2010 were assumed to be paid by either the State or the retirees themselves.

- As administrative expenses, other than the administrative fee of \$8.00 PMPM paid to KEHP by TRS, were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.
- Future contributions to the MIF were based upon the contribution rates defined in statue and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the MIF achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system's actuary, the following MIF statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:
  - Employee Contributions
  - Employer Contributions
  - State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30,2010

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata

reduction to the current statutory amount in the years if/when the MIF is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions

equal to the actuarially determined contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year's valuation and in accordance with the MIF's funding policy. As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years the following was assumed:

- Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
- A 0% active member growth rate was assumed for the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants (membership dates beyond June 30, 2020).

Based on these assumptions, the MIF's fiduciary net position was <u>not</u> projected to be depleted.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the health care cost trend rates, as well as what the Commonwealth's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase
KTRS	6.10%	7.10%	8.10%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 5,497,000	\$ 4,274,000	\$ 3,263,000

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the

healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Trend Rate</b>	1% Increase
District's proportionate share			
of net OPEB liability	\$ 3,077,000	\$ 4,274,000	\$ 5,764,000

# Other Post Employment Benefits Liabilities related to the Life Insurance Plan funded by - Life Insurance Plan (LIF)

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan - TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly. Benefits provided - Effective July 1, 2000, the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System shall:

- Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for its members who are retired for service or disability. This life insurance benefit shall be payable upon the death of a member retired for service or disability to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member on a form prescribed by the retirement system; and
- Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for its active contributing members. This life insurance benefit shall be payable upon the death of an active contributing member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member on a form prescribed by the retirement system.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

Note: Members employed on a substitute or part-time basis and working at least 69% of a full contract year in a single fiscal year will be eligible for a life insurance benefit for the balance of the fiscal year or the immediately succeeding fiscal year under certain conditions. For non-vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, the life insurance benefit is provided if death occurs as the result of a physical injury on the job. For vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, death does not have to be the result of a physical injury on the job for life insurance benefits to be provided.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate

share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability associated with the District \$89,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB revenue of \$361,880 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed value

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.1% Municipal Bond Index Rate 2.13%

Investment Rate of Return 7.1%, includes price inflation

Inflation2.5%Real Wage Growth0.25 %Wage Inflation2.75%

Salary Increase 3 to 7.5%, including wage inflation

Discount Rate 7.1%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Amount-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5- year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Percentage	Rate Percentage of Return
U.S. Equity	40.00%	5.20%
International Equity	15.00%	5.50%
<b>Emerging Markets Equity</b>	5.00%	6.10%
Fixed Income	21.00%	1.90%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.20%
Private Equity	5.00%	8.00%
Additional categories	5.00%	4.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.60%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 75. The projections basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 2.75%.
- The employer will contribute the actuarially determined contribution (ADC) in accordance with the Life Insurance Trust's funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the LIF's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted.

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

### CERS – General Information about the OPEB Plans

### Other Pension Benefit Programs-Employees' Health Plan

Plan description – Recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years – 0%, 4-9 years – 25%, 10-14 years – 50%, 15-19 years – 75% and 20 or more years – 100%.

Benefits provided – Post Retirement Death Benefits – members with a least 4 years creditable service the System will pay a \$5,000 death benefit. Insurance benefits as described above.

Contributions - Requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above. Current employees pay 1% toward the insurance fund.

The unfunded medical benefit obligation of the CERS, based upon the entry age normal cost method, as of June 30, 2023 was as follows (in thousands):

Total medical benefit obligation	\$	15,089,106
Net position available for benefits at actuarial value	_	(8,672,597)
Unfunded medical benefit obligation	\$	6,416,509

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$(214,637) for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2024, the District's proportion was .1554590 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ (214,637)
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	
	\$ (214,637)

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB revenue of \$568,124. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	<del>-</del>	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	149,635	\$	3,047,632
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual		422,391		294,364
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate		401,685		451,498
share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the		327,691		30,969
measurement date	-	106,504	-	
	\$ _	1,407,906	\$	3,824,463

The \$106,504 (includes \$70,106 Implicit Subsidy) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

	Year Ended June 30,
2024	\$ (616,760)
2025	(788,526)
2026	(584,993)
2027	(532,783)
	\$ (2,523,062)

Implicit Employer Subsidy- The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB 74 requires that the liability associated with thisimplicit subsidy be

included in the calculation of the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms-None

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Date of Valuation

Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method

June 30, 2023

Entry Age Normal

Level percent of pay

Amortization Period 30-year closed period at June 30, 2023

Asset Valuation Method 20% of difference between the market value of

assets and the expected actuarial value of assets.

Price Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.30 - 10.3%, varies by service

Investment Return 6.50% Payroll Growth 2.00%

Mortality System-specific mortality table based on

mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023 Initial transferring at 6.25% and gradually

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 6.25% and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over

period of 13 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65) Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually

decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over

period of 14 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Phase-In) Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially

determined rate in accordance with HB362

enacted in 2018.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.93%. The rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 2.45%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ended, the plan's insurance fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the retirement plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The projection of cash flows used to determine the singlediscount rate assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) that applies to CERS.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 5.93%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount

rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Discount Rate</b>	1% Increase
CERS	4.93%	5.93%	6.93%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 402,792	\$ (214,637)	\$ (731,658)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability to changes in health care trends is below:

	1% Decrease	<b>Current Trend Rate</b>		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share					
of net OPEB liability	\$ (687,949)	\$ (214,637)	\$	366,782	

### **NOTE G – CONTINGENCIES**

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local governmental agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their program.

### **NOTE H – LITIGATION**

The District has no pending or threatened litigation involving amounts exceeding \$20,000 individually or in the aggregate as of June 30, 2024.

### NOTE I – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, illegal acts etc. Each of these

risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which include Workers' Compensation insurance.

### NOTE J – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to illegal acts, torts, theft/damage/destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, unemployment, errors and omission, and general liability coverage, the District purchased

commercial insurance policies.

### NOTE K – COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

### NOTE L – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

From Fund	<u>To Fund</u>	Amount	<u>Purpose</u>
General	Construction	\$ 48,190	Construction
Construction	Special Revenue	405,799	KETS
Special Revenue	Construction	7,721,328	Construction
Capital Outlay	Debt Service	182,888	Debt Payments
Building Fund	Debt Service	\$ 1,856,639	Debt Payments

### **NOTE M – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS**

For fiscal year 2024, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

Plan/Description		<u>Amount</u>
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (GASB Schedule A)	\$	3,398,899
Health and Life Insurance		4,207,713
Administrative Fee		36,740
HRA/Dental/Vision		71,925
Federal Reimbursement		(453,249)
Technology		81,676
SFCC Debt Service Payments	-	930,662
Total	\$	8,274,366

These amounts are included in the financial statements as state revenue and an expense allocated to the different functions in the same proportion as full-time employees.

### NOTE N – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through November 15, 2024 the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

### Adair County School District

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Budget	ed A	mounts			Variance with Final Budget
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES							
From Local Sources							
Taxes							
Property	\$	3,771,095	\$	3,771,095	\$	3,322,527	\$ (448,568)
Motor vehicle		900,000		900,000		927,160	27,160
Utilities		1,041,487		1,041,487		1,094,496	53,009
Earnings on investments		115,000		115,000		166,060	51,060
Other local revenue		145,245		145,245		330,562	185,317
Intergovernmental - state		12,226,558		12,226,558	*	12,825,432	598,874
Intergovernmental - federal		133,218		133,218		112,289	(20,929)
Total revenues	_	18,332,604	-	18,332,604	_	18,778,527	445,923
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		10,542,490		10,497,462	*	11,127,521	(630,060)
Support Services							
Student		639,094		638,594	*	664,958	(26,363)
Instructional Staff		522,409		499,909	*	524,258	(24,349)
District Administration		1,087,560		1,087,560	*	809,217	278,343
School Administration		1,263,665		1,210,085	*	1,330,795	(120,710)
Business		526,338		526,338	*	664,587	(138,249)
Plant Operation & Maintenance		2,034,586		2,026,586	*	2,037,412	(10,825)
Student Transportation		2,103,223		2,103,223	*	2,092,447	10,776
Community Services						-	-
Building Acquistions & Construction				8,000		55,000	(47,000)
Debt Service		230,000	_	230,000		253,576	(23,576)
Total expenditures	_	18,949,366	_	18,827,758		19,559,771	(732,013)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(616,762)		(495,154)		(781,244)	(286,090)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of equipment						18,271	18,271
Operating transfers in							
Operating transfers (out)	_	(36,934)	_	(36,934)	_	(48,190)	(11,256)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	(36,934)	-	(36,934)	_	(29,919)	7,015
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(653,696)		(532,088)		(811,163)	(279,075)
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	1,803,696	-	1,803,696	_	1,803,696	
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ _	1,150,000	\$	1,271,608	\$ _	992,533	\$ (279,075)

<sup>\* \$6,998,185</sup> was removed from expenditures and revenue "Actual" amounts to account for "On-Behalf" payments not being budgeted.

# Adair County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Budget	ted An	nounts			Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	(Unfavorable)
REVENUES							
From Local Sources							
Other local revenue	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	56,808	\$ 16,808
Earnings on investments						8,101	8,101
Intergovernmental - state		1,610,658		1,726,384		1,576,838	(149,546)
Intergovernmental - federal	_	2,907,894		3,026,057	_	10,846,655	7,820,598
Total revenues	_	4,558,552	_	4,792,441	_	12,488,402	7,695,961
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction		4,133,476		4,405,708		4,689,314	(283,607)
Support Services							
Student		16,662		16,662		18,311	(1,649)
Instructional Staff		83,200		83,200		81,538	1,662
Business Support						-	=
Plant Operation & Maintenance						7,500	(7,500)
Student Transportation		222 11=		20211=		-	- (44.000)
Community Services Operations	_	362,147		362,147	_	376,209	(14,062)
Total expenditures	_	4,595,486	_	4,867,717	_	5,172,873	(305,155)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) IN REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(36,934)				7,315,529	7,390,806
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in		233,885		239,469		405,799	166,330
Operating transfers (out)	_	(196,951)	_	(196,951)	_	(7,721,328)	(7,524,377)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_	36,934	_	42,518	_	(7,315,529)	(7,358,047)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(32,758)		-	(32,758)
FUND BALANCE-BEGINNING	_	-	_		_	-	
FUND BALANCE-ENDING	\$ _	-	\$	(32,758)	\$	-	\$ (32,758)

### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

### CERS and TRS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2024 (2023)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2023 (2022)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2022 (2021)		rting Fiscal Year isurement Date) 2021 (2020)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2020 (2019)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2019 (2018)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2018 (2017)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2017 (2016)		rting Fiscal Year asurement Date) 2016 (2015)
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability (asset		0.15542%		0.14004%		0.13348%		0.13000%		0.13000%		0.14000%		0.13000%		0.13000%		0.13000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	9,972,281	\$	10,123,149	\$	8,510,333	\$	10,343,497	s	9,326,450	s	8,323,680	s	7,541,460	\$	6,476,613	\$	5,478,365
	Ψ	3,372,201	Ψ	10,123,143	Ψ	0,510,555	Ψ	10,545,497	ā	3,320,430	Ψ	0,323,000	Ÿ	7,541,400	Ψ	0,470,013	Ψ	3,470,303
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		<u>-</u>										-					_	<u> </u>
Total	\$	9,972,281	\$	10,123,149	\$	8,510,333	\$	10,343,497	\$	9,326,450	\$	8,323,680	\$	7,541,460	\$	6,476,613	\$	5,478,365
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,459,931	\$	4,609,352	\$	3,933,520	\$	3,544,626	\$	3,358,040	\$	3,399,510	\$	3,061,636	\$	3,260,158	\$	2,958,806
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		182.64%		219.62%		216.35%		291.81%		277.73%		244.85%		246.32%		198.66%		185.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		57.68%		52.00%		57.33%		47.71%		50.45%		53.54%		53.32%		55.50%		59.97%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:																		
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.332%		0.314%		0.314%												
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		56,505,886		53,264,062		40,914,775	_	45,654,893	_	42,980,681	_	44,015,193	_	87,716,584		97,119,960	_	76,497,627
Total	\$	56,505,886	\$	53,264,062	\$	40,914,775	\$	45,654,893	\$	42,980,681	\$	44,015,193	\$	87,716,584	\$	97,119,960	\$	76,497,627
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	13,015,913	\$	13,305,373	\$	12,582,733	\$	10,271,500	\$	9,874,867	\$	10,433,433	\$	9,892,733	Not	in 2021 audit	No	t in 2021 audit
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%		0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)		57.70%		56.40%		57.33%		58.27%		58.76%		59.28%		39.83%		35.22%		42.49%

### ADAIR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS CERS and TERS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

		2024	 2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:																	
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,055,657	\$ 882,105	\$	658,015	\$	852,837	\$	721,307	\$	652,026	\$	591,156	\$	556,183	\$	525,484
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		1,055,657	 882,105		658,015		852,837		721,307		652,026		591,156	\$	556,183	\$	525,484
Contribution deficiency (excess)	_		 			_		_		_		_		_			
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,459,931	\$ 4,609,352	\$	3,933,520	\$	3,544,626	\$	3,358,040	\$	3,399,510	\$	3,164,647	\$	3,260,158	\$	2,958,806
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		19.33%	19.14%		16.73%		24.06%		21.48%		19.18%		18.68%		17.06%		17.76%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM:																	
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		<u> </u>	 <u>-</u>	_													
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	 -		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	13,015,913	\$ 13,305,373	\$	12,582,733	No	t in 2021 audit	No	t in 2021 audit	No	t in 2021 audit	Not	t in 2021 audit	No	t in 2021 audit	Not	in 2021 audit
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

## ADAIR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSION

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### (1) CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes of benefit terms for TRS or CERS.

### (2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

### **TRS**

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020:

- Remaining amortization period changed to 24 years
- o Single Equivalent interest rate changed to 7.1%
- Municipal bond rate index changed to 3.66%
- o Projected salary increase changed to 3.50-7.20%
- o Investment rate of return changed to 7.1%

### **CERS**

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019:

- o Remaining amortization period increased to 30 years
- Salary increase changed to 3.30 to 10.30%

# (3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

### **TRS**

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 24 years Inflation 3.0%

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market value

Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.1% Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.66%

Projected Salary Increase 3.50 -7.20%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.1%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation.

# ADAIR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSION

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### **CERS**

The Board of Trustees uses this actuarial valuation to certify the employer contribution rates for CERS for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2023 and ending June 30, 2024. The amortization period of the unfunded liability has been reset as of July 1, 2013 to a closed 30-year period. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019

Experience Study July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Amortization Method Level percent of pay

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years, Closed Gains/losses incurring after 2019 will be

amortized over separate closed 20-year amortization bases

Payroll Growth Rate 2.0%

Asset Valuation Method 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected

actuarial value of assets is recognized

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increase 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS Nonhazardous;

Investment Rate of Return 6.25% for CERS Nonhazardous and Hazardous,

Phase-in Provision Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate in

accordance with HB 362 enacted in 2018 for

### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN	ring Fiscal Year surement Date) 2024 (2023)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2023 (2022)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2022 (2021)		rting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2021 (2020)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2020 (2019)	rting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2019 (2018)		ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2018 (2017)
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.17547%		0.22850%	0.16896%		0.31000%	0.30000%	0.35000%		0.31000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 4,274,000	\$	5,673,000	\$ 3,625,000	\$	4,403,000	\$ 4,979,000	\$ 6,097,000	\$	6,177,000
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	 3,602,000		1,864,000	 2,944,000		3,527,000	 4,021,000	 5,254,000	_	5,046,000
Total	\$ 7,876,000	\$	7,537,000	\$ 6,569,000	\$	7,930,000	\$ 9,000,000	\$ 11,351,000	\$	11,223,000
District's covered-employee payrol	\$ 13,015,913	\$	13,305,373	\$ 12,582,733	\$	10,271,500	\$ 9,874,867	\$ 10,433,433	\$	9,892,733
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payrol	32.84%	٠	42.64%	28.81%	•	42.87%	50.42%	58.44%		62.44%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	52.97%		47.75%	51.74%		39.05%	32.58%	25.50%		21.18%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN										
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%		0.000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	 89,000		93,000	 39,000			 	 	_	
Total	\$ 89,000	\$	93,000	\$ 39,000	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
District's covered-employee payrol	\$ 13,015,913	\$	13,305,373	\$ 12,582,733	\$	10,271,500	\$ 9,874,867	\$ 10,433,433	\$	9,892,733
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asseet) as a percentage of its covered-employee payrol	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%		0.000%	0.000%	0.000%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	76.91%		73.97%	89.15%						

### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	 2024		2023		2022	_	2021	 2020		2019	 2018
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN											
Contractually required contribution	\$ 612,718	\$	402,794	\$	299,505	\$	308,145	\$ 296,246	\$	313,003	\$ 296,782
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 612,718		402,794		299,505		308,145	 296,246		313,003	 296,782
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 			_		_	<u>-</u>	 	_		 
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 13,015,913	\$	13,305,373	\$	12,582,733	\$	10,271,500	\$ 9,874,867	\$	10,433,433	\$ 9,892,733
District's proportionate share as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	4.71%		3.03%		2.38%		3.00%	3.00%		3.00%	3.00%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN											
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 				<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	 			 <del>-</del>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 	_				_		 	_		 -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 13,015,913	\$	13,305,373	\$	12,582,733	\$	10,271,500	\$ 9,874,867	\$	10,433,433	\$ 9,892,733
District's proportionate share as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%

### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN - COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN	ing Fiscal Year surement Date) 2024 (2023)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2023 (2022)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2022 (2021)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2021 (2020)	ting Fiscal Year surement Date) 2020 (2019)	sing Fiscal Year surement Date) 2019 (2018)	ing Fiscal Year surement Date) 2018 (2017)
Districts' proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.15546%	0.14006%	0.13345%	0.13000%	0.13000%	0.14000%	0.13000%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (214,637)	\$ 2,764,123	\$ 2,554,795	\$ 3,255,445	\$ 2,229,852	\$ 2,426,478	\$ 2,590,145
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	 <u>-</u>	 	 	 	 	 	 
Total	\$ (214,637)	\$ 2,764,123	\$ 2,554,795	\$ 3,255,445	\$ 2,229,852	\$ 2,426,478	\$ 2,590,145
District's covered-employee payrol	\$ 5,459,931	\$ 4,609,352	\$ 3,933,520	\$ 3,544,626	\$ 3,358,040	\$ 3,399,510	\$ 3,061,636
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payrol	-3.93%	59.97%	64.95%	91.84%	66.40%	71.38%	84.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	-4.63%	60.94%	73.08%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	52.39%

### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - HEALTH INSRUANCE PLAN - COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	 2024		2023		2022	2021		 2020	 2019	 2018
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN										
Contractually required contribution	\$ 36,398	\$	161,532	\$	134,159	\$	232,179	\$ 175,945	\$ 159,207	\$ 148,378
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 36,398		161,532		134,159		232,179	 175,945	 159,207	 148,378
Contribution deficiency (excess)	 		-	_			-	 	 	 
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,459,931	\$	4,609,352	\$	3,933,520	\$	3,544,626	\$ 3,358,040	\$ 3,399,510	\$ 3,061,636
District's proportionate share as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	0.67%		3.50%		3.41%		6.55%	5.24%	4.68%	4.85%

### ADAIR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### **TRS**

### (1) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms for the medical insurance fund or the life insurance fund.

### (2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

- In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables(Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs and
- The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8% to 7.1%. The price inflation assumption was
- The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

#### AND ASSUMPTIONS USED (3) METHOD IN **CALCULATIONS** OF **ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS**

### Medical Insurance Fund

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2023:

Valuation Date June 30, 2022 Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Level percent of payroll Amortization Method 26 years, closed

Remaining Amortization

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed fair value

2.5% Inflation Real wage growth 0.25% Wage inflation 2.75%

Salary Increase 3.0 to 7.5%, including inflation

Discount rate 7.1%

### **CERS**

Other Pension Benefit Programs-Employees' Health Plan

### (1) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms.

### (2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

- o Amortization period increased to 30.
- Salary increase changed from 3.30 11.55% to 3.30 10.30%
- Mortality methodology changed from RP-2000 to MP-2014

# ADAIR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024

- Health care trend rates Pre-65 changed to having an initial trend rate of 6.25% decreasing to 4.05% over 13 years
- Health care trend rates Post-65 changed to having an initial trend rate of 5.5% decreasing to 4.05% over 11 years

## (3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years -0%, 4-9 years -25%, 10-14 years -50%, 15-

19 years - 75% and 20 or more years - 100%.

Contributions requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above.

Actuarial Valuations as Of June 30, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method 20% of difference between the market value of assets and the

expected actuarial value of assets.

Amortization Method Level percent of pay

Amortization Period 30 years, closed at June 30, 2023

Payroll Growth 2.00% Investment Return 6.50% Price Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increase 3.30 - 10.30%, varies by service

Mortality MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year

of 2023

Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65) Initial trend starting at 6.25% and gradually decreasing to an

ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 13 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post 65) Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing to an

ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over period of 11 years.

Healthcare Trend Rates (Phase-In) Board certified rate is phased into the actuarially determined rate

in accordance with HB362 enacted in 2018.

# Adair County School District Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

_	Capital Outlay		Building Fund		School Activity Fund		Total
Assets	5.40.450	•		•	445.004	•	4 000 040
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ _	549,473	\$	608,644	\$	445,201	\$	1,603,318
Total Assets	549,473		608,644	: :	445,201	:	1,603,318
Liabilities Accounts Payable							
Total Liabilities	-		-	; ;	-	;	<u> </u>
Fund Balance Restricted							
Capital Projects	549,473		608,644				1,158,116
Student Activities					445,201		445,201
Total Fund Balance	549,473		608,644		445,201		1,603,318
Total Fund Balance and Liabilitie \$	549,473	\$	608,644	\$	445,201	\$	1,603,318

### Adair County School District

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year ended June 30, 2024

					·
		Capital Outlay	Building Fund	School Activity Fund	Total
Revenues					
From Local Sources					
Property Taxes	\$	\$	996,772 \$	\$	996,772
Student Activities				782,488	782,488
Earnings on Investments		4,050	2,025	14,041	20,116
Other Local Revenue				68,961	68,961
Intergovernmental - State		240,478	904,051		1,144,529
Bond Proceeds	_				
Total Revenues	_	244,528	1,902,848	865,490	3,012,866
Expenditures					
Instruction				831,102	831,102
Student Support					-
Instructional Staff Support Services					-
Student Transportation					-
Plant Operations and Maintenance				(10)	(10)
Building Acquisition and Construction					-
Other					-
Food Service Operations					-
Debt Service	_				
Total Expenditures	_	<u> </u>	-	831,092	831,092
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures		244,528	1,902,848	34,398	2,181,774
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In					_
Transfers (Out)		(184,211)	(1,856,639)		(2,040,851)
, ,					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(184,211)	(1,856,639)		(2,040,851)
Net Change in Fund Balances		60,317	46,209	34,398	140,924
Fund Balance Beginning	_	489,155_\$	562,435	410,804	1,462,394
Fund Balance Ending	\$	549,473 \$	608,644 \$	445,201 \$	1,603,318

# Adair County School District Combining Balance Sheet of Fiduciary Fund - School Activity Funds June 30, 2024

### SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

	-	ADAIR COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL	 ADAIR COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL	<del>-</del>	ADAIR COUNTY ELEMENTARY	ļ	ADAIR COUNTY PRIMARY CENTER		TOTAL
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents  Total Assets	\$ <sub>_</sub>	230,476 230,476	\$ 79,855 79,855	\$ _	59,181 59,181	\$	75,689 75,689	\$ _ _	445,201 445,201
LIABILITIES Accounts payable									-
FUND BALANCE School activities	-	230,476	 79,855	_	59,181		75,689		445,201
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	230,476	\$ 79,855	\$	59,181	\$	75,689	\$ <u></u>	445,201

### Adair County School District

### Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Balance

### - School Activity Fund

Year ended June 30, 2024

### **SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS**

	-	ADAIR COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL		ADAIR COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL		ADAIR COUNTY ELEMENTARY	ADAIR COUNTY PRIMARY CENTER		TOTAL	
Revenues Student/Trust revenues	\$	608,889	\$	118,899	\$	25,572	\$	112,130 \$	865,4	90
Expenses Student/Trust activities	-	572,689		138,506		36,690		83,207	831,0	92
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenses		36,200		(19,607)		(11,119)		28,923	34,3	98
Fund Balance Beginning	-	194,276		99,462		70,299		46,766	410,8	04_
Fund Balance Ending	\$	230,476	\$	79,855	\$	59,181	\$	75,689 \$	445,2	01

# Adair County School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in the Fund Balance - Adair County High School Year ended June 30, 2024

	FUND BALANCE BEGINNING	REVENUES	EXPENSES	TRANSFERS	FUND BALANCE ENDING
GENERAL	\$ 390	\$ 12,272	\$ 10,164	\$ 3,714 9	\$ 6,212
TEACHERS/TEACHERS	329	2,388	1,761	(117)	838
COUNSELORS OFFICE	200	1,899	2,023	( /	76
COUNSELORS EVENT	3,831	41	1,738		2,135
LIBRARY	1,280	1,194	896	1,000	2,578
STLP	135				135
CRIMINAL RECORDS CI	00.007	160	150	(7,000)	10
ATHLETICS ART	20,337	195,062	141,542	(7,800)	66,057
INDIAN ACADEMY	473		77		396
BETA	232	13,685	13,536	600	980
ACADEMIC TEAM	5,661	2,880	5,721	000	2,820
DRAMA	3,297	4,371	4,646	200	3,222
YEARBOOK	4,987	16,956	15,199		6,745
CLASS OF 2022					-
CLASS OF 2021					-
CHEMISTRY/SCIENCE	229				229
ENGLISH	196	204		200	196
NAHS FCCLA	0 472	364	1 041	200	564 996
FBLA	472	1,564 45,265	1,041 41,041	430	4,653
FFA	22,628	71,205	81,096	430	12,736
FCA	262	71,200	400	200	62
GOLF	2,807	5,350	4,196	200	3,960
HORTICULTURE	34,940	2,338	2,585		34,693
GIRLS BASKETBALL	3,234	13,957	15,141	1,500	3,550
MATH	115				115
NHS	823		807		16
BUSINESS	Ξ				-
CHOIR/MUSIC	794	4,351	4,686	200	659
PEP SWIM	783	6 000	1,244	500	39
SOFTBALL	7,199 9,570	6,800 16,596	9,998 21,471	200	4,001 4,895
STEM CLUB	683	10,330	21,471	200	683
TENNIS	762	1,367	1,750	250	629
TRACK	1,860	8,995	6,562		4,293
VOLLEYBALL	6,169	28,826	25,637	(2,125)	7,233
AEROSPACE	116				116
:STUDENT COKE	3,915	3,963	6,086	(550)	1,243
STUDENT PARKING	4.000	335	4.004	(320)	15
CADET CORPS	1,088	1,076	1,021	200	1,342
FOREIGN LANGUAGE START UP CHANGE	216	1,916	2,120		12
SWEEP ACCOUNT		2,450	2,450 15,227	15,227	-
ENVIRONMENTAL CLUE			10,221	10,221	-
SOURCES OF STRENGTH	179	154	440	400	293
STAFF FLOWER FUND	90	587	666		11
CROSS COUNTRY	905	8,038	7,539		1,404
CHARITIES		5,370			5,370
INDIAN GROUNDS	5,477	21,681	17,728	(2,307)	7,123
TRIBE TENT		4,682	2,464	(2,196)	22
GIRLS GOLF	317	5,437	1,960	400	4,195
BOYS BASKETBALL BASEBALL	5,513 14,871	12,424 7,520	12,233 21,390	3,000	8,705 1,001
GSA	7	458	21,390	200	438
A CLUB	4,032	13,417	2,734	(13,600)	1,115
TSA	1,002	140	190	50	-
CHEER	9,722	35,133	35,475	650	10,030
JAG		363	463	400	300
SKILLS USA		43	43		-
KUNA		420	428	8	(0)
CLASS OF 2023	2,184	<u> </u>	428	(1,756)	•
CLASS OF 2024	4,385	9,312	13,468	125	353
CLASS OF 2025	5,710	12,084	10,511	400	7,682
CLASS OF 2026 CLASS OF 2027	869	3,532 468	2,081 	200 517	2,520 778
TOTALS	\$ 194,276	\$ 608,889	\$ 572,689	\$ \$	\$ 230,476

### Adair County School District SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal ALN	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Program or Award Amount	Expenditures
US Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education National School Lunch Program Fiscal Year 23 Fiscal Year 24	10.555	7750002 23 \$ 7750002 24	- \$ -	N/A N/A	209,485 1,190,204
Fiscal Year 23 National School Breakfast Program Fiscal Year 23 Fiscal Year 24	10.553	9980000 23 7760005 23 7760005 24	- - -	N/A N/A	82,500 69,626 407,248
Summer Food Service Program Fiscal Year 23 Fiscal Year 24	10.559	7740023 23 7690024 23	- -		8,151 839
Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal  State Administrative Grant for Nutrition Fiscal Year 23	10.560	7700001 23	-	N/A	1,968,053
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture Food Donation-Commodities Fiscal Year 24 Total US Department of Agriculture	10.565	510.4950	-	N/A	76,534 2,050,651
US Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education					
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 24 3100102 24	-	1,666,231 118,627	1,367,805 81,540 1,449,345
Migrant Education	84.011	3110002 24	-	54,103	10,218
Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States Special Education - Preschool Grants Special Education Cluster Subtotal	84.027 84.027 84.173	3810002 23 3810002 24 3800002 24	- - -	639,690 698,306 28,698	303,702 397,230 28,698 729,630
Neglected and Delinquent Children Transition Funds	84.013	313K	-	53,255	51,621
Vocation Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002 24	-	32,883	23,962
Improving Teacher Quality Improving Teacher Quality	84.367 84.367	3230002 23 3230002 24	-	182,366 175,243	182,366 175,243 357,609
Rural Education	84.358	3140002 24	-	75,579	38,696
Title IV Part A	84.424	3420002 24	-	95,456	86,316
ARPA Preschool Partnership Grant (CCSDF) - COVID	93.575		-	150,000	150,000
* Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - COVID	84.425	4300002 21	-	10,457,135	4,249,557
21st Century Community Learning Centers 21st Century Community Learning Centers	84.287 84.287	3400002 22 3400002 23	-	440,000 95,000	91,146 92,099 183,245
Total US Department of Education					7,330,199
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards					

<sup>\*</sup> Major program

# ADAIR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year ended June 30, 2024

#### **NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Adair County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Adair County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

#### NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### NOTE C - FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District received food commodities totaling \$76,534.

#### NOTE D - INDIRECT COST RATE

The Adair County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### Shad J. Allen, CPA, PLLC

PO Box 974 Richmond, Kentucky 40476 Phone 859-806-5290 Fax 859-349-0061

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Adair County School District Columbia, KY

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Adair County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Adair County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2024

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Adair County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Adair County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Adair County School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items [2024-001, 2024-002] that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Adair County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations,

contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-001, and 2024-002.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Shad J. Allen, CFA, FLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2024

### Shad J. Allen, CPA, PLLC

PO Box 974 Richmond, Kentucky 40476 Phone 859-806-5290 Fax 859-349-0061

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Adair County School District Columbia, KY

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Adair County School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Adair County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Adair County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Adair County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Adair County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Adair County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Adair County School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Adair County

School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will not always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Adair County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities and State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Adair County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Adair County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
  audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
  internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Adair County School District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

#### Shad J. Allen, CFA, FLLC

Richmond, KY November 15, 2024

# ADAIR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year ended June 30, 2024

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

What type of report was issued for the financial statements?

Unmodified

Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed? Yes

If so, was any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)?

Was any material noncompliance reported (GAGAS)?

Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed

for major programs?

Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed

that were not considered to be material weaknesses?

None Reported

What type of report was issued on compliance for major programs?

Unmodified

Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that

Is required to be reported as described in the Uniform Guidance?

Major Programs:

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund – COVID 19 [ALN 84.425U]

Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs \$750,000

Low risk auditee?

#### FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

#### <u>MATERIAL WEAKNESSES</u>

#### **2024-001**

Statement of the Condition: During the course of our audit we became aware that the actual expenditures for general fund exceeded the Board approved budget. amount by \$732,013. With on overall decrease in fund balance of \$811,163 and an ending fund balance of \$992,533

Criteria for Condition: Actual expenditures shall not exceed budgeted expenditures per KRS statute.

Cause of the Condition: Proper internal controls were not in place to ensure that the budget was adhered to.

Effect of the Condition: The District exceeded budgeted expenditures by \$732,013. With on overall decrease in fund balance of \$811,163 and an ending fund balance of \$992,533

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

#### **2024-002**

Statement of the Condition: During the course of our audit we had to make adjustments to the financial statements that exceeded materiality amounts.

Criteria for Condition: Financial statements should be accurately stated without auditor adjustments...

Cause of the Condition: Proper internal controls were not in place to ensure accurate financial reporting..

Effect of the Condition: Auditors had to make several adjustments for the financial statements to be accurately stated.

# FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings at the major federal award programs level.

# ADAIR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Year ended June 30, 2024

### **Financial Statement Findings**

Statement of the Condition: Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts.

Subsequent Review: This finding was repeated as Finding 2024-001

### ADAIR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Year ended June 30, 2024

Date: November 15, 2024

Oversight Agency: Kentucky Department of Education

The *Adair School District* respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Name and Address of Independent Public Accounting Firm: Shad J. Allen, CPA, PLLC, Richmond, Kentucky 40475.

Audit Period: For the year ended June 30, 2024.

The findings from the year ended June 30, 2024 schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule.

#### **2024-001**

*Recommendation for Correction*: We recommend that the budget be monitored bi-monthly to ensure adherence to the budgeted expenditures.

Management Response to the Recommendation: We acknowledge the finding that actual expenditures for the general fund exceeded the Board-approved budget by \$732,013. We take this issue seriously and understand the need for better alignment between actual spending and budgeted amounts to ensure the long-term financial health of the organization. We are conducting a detailed analysis to identify the specific areas where spending exceeded the budget, and we are reviewing whether this was due to unanticipated events, inadequate forecasting, or breakdowns in budget monitoring. We are reviewing and enhancing our budgeting and expenditure monitoring processes to ensure better alignment between the approved budget and actual spending. This includes implementing more frequent budget reviews and stronger controls around unapproved spending. We are actively working on strategies to address the decrease in the fund balance, including exploring new revenue opportunities and identifying cost-saving measures. Our goal is to rebuild the fund balance to a sustainable level to ensure the organization's long-term financial health. We are implementing more frequent budget vs. actual reviews to ensure we catch any discrepancies early and can make adjustments as needed throughout the fiscal year.

*Implementation:* Immediate.

#### **2024-002**

Recommendation for Correction: We recommend that the financial statements are monitored frequently to ensure that they comply with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management Response to the Recommendation: We are implementing a set of corrective actions, which include enhancing our internal controls around financial reporting and providing additional training to our accounting team to ensure a clearer understanding of the application of accounting standards. We

### ADAIR COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Year ended June 30, 2024

will continue to monitor the effectiveness of our corrective actions and make adjustments as necessary. Our commitment to continuous improvement in financial reporting will be a priority moving forward. We will work closely with our external auditors to ensure that all concerns have been addressed, and that our financial reporting processes are in line with best practices.

If the Kentucky Department of Education has questions regarding this plan, please call me at 606-327-2706

Sincerely yours,

Jason Faulkner

Mr. Jason Faulkner, Superintendent